

## OFFICE OF THE ATTORNEY GENERAL OF TEXAS AUSTIN

GROVER SELLERS
ATTORNEY GENERAL

Honorable Goorge M. Shappard Comptraller of Fublic Accounts Austin, Texas

Dear Sir:

Opinion No. 0-6786

May the Comptroller of sublic Accounts pass for payment accounts incurred for the purchase of notary seeds and other equipment accessary to perform the duties of a notary public

Your request for an opinion of this department reads as follows:

"In your Opinion No. C-5637 you held thet payment of notary bond premiums of State employees was not a legel charge against State funds.

"You will plause advise whather or not I sen pass for payment accounts incurred for the purchase of notary seals and any other equipment pacessary to perform the duties of a notary public."

In our opinion No. 0-6637, dated June 23, 1945, and addressed to the Honorable sever H. Baker, Chairman, 3tate Board of Control, we held that the payment of bonding fees for notaries public by the State would contravene Article 3, Section 51, of our Constitution which prohibits the lagislature from making grants of public moneys to individuals. It was there pointed out that a notary public is a public officer and charged with certain statutory duties. Even though a notary be employed by the State and his services utilized principally in connection with State business, it was our view that as a public officer such a

Honorable George H. Sheppard - page 2

notary could still exercise his notarial functions for his own private gain according to the provisions of law under which he qualified. We also took note of the fact that all State departments in carrying out their functions have a keen need for this type of service for which no provision has been made.

In your request you present a question which is readily distinguishable from that involving a notary bond. You have esked about the authority of the State to pay for the purchase of notary seals and other equipment necessary to perform the duties of a notary public. Assuming that a proper appropriation provision exists authorizing the payment of such expense, we see no legal objection to the payment of these items provided they are to be used exclusively of State's business. Unlike the notary bond situation, the equipment inquired about can be retained in the exclusive possession of the State and its use restricted to State's business only. If we are correct in our assumption made above, we think you would be authorized to pass for payment the accounts in question.

Very truly yours

ATTORNEY GENERAL OF TEXAS

By

Eugene Alvis

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